## Government General Degree College, Dantan-IIB. Sc (H) 2<sup>nd</sup> Semester Internal Evaluation-2020Subject: ChemistryPaper: CC-4 (T+P)F.M: 20 (Theory) + 10 (Practical)Time: 2 h

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Answer any **one question** from each Part.

## **Part A : Organic Chemistry (Theory)**

1. (a) Between phenol and acetic acid, which one is more acidic?

(b) Aniline is weaker base than primary aliphatic amine. – Explain.

(c) Compare the acidity order of p-iodophenol and p-fluorophenol.

(d) The enol content of acetylacetone at equilibrium is very large in hexane (92%), medium in acetonitrile (58%) and small in water (15%). –Expalin.

2. (a) The tendency for the  $SN^2$  mechanism to operate will be

 $MeBr > EtBr >^{i} PrBr >^{t} BuBr$  and the reverse tendency for the SN<sup>1</sup> mechanism. – Explain.

(b) Explain why halogen atom of vinyl chloride is less reactive than that of halogen atom of ethyl chloride.

(c) 1-chloroapocamphane is completely inert both to  $SN^1$  and  $SN^2$  reaction. – Explain.

(d) Explain why I<sup>-</sup> ion is a good nucleophile as well as good leaving group. – Explain.

3. (a) What do you mean  $\beta$ -elimination reaction? How many types of  $\beta$ -elimination are there?

(b) Compare the rate of base catalyzed dehydrobromination of diastereomeric 1-bromo 1,2diphenylpropane.

(c) Write notes on  $E^1CB$  mechanism.

(d) What types of stereochemical requirement is necessary for  $E^2$  mechanism.

4. (a) Site example of Pro-R and Pro-S designation.

(b) What do you mean by homotopic and enentiotopic ligand.

(c) Explain Re and Si face.

## Part B : Organic Chemistry (Practical)

1. Write the procedure for the preparation of m-dinitrobenzene from nitrobenzene.

2. Write the procedure for the preparation of m-dinitrobenzene to m-nitroaniline.

3. Write the procedure for the preparation of benzoic acid from benzylalcohol.

4. Write the procedure for acetylation of phenols.